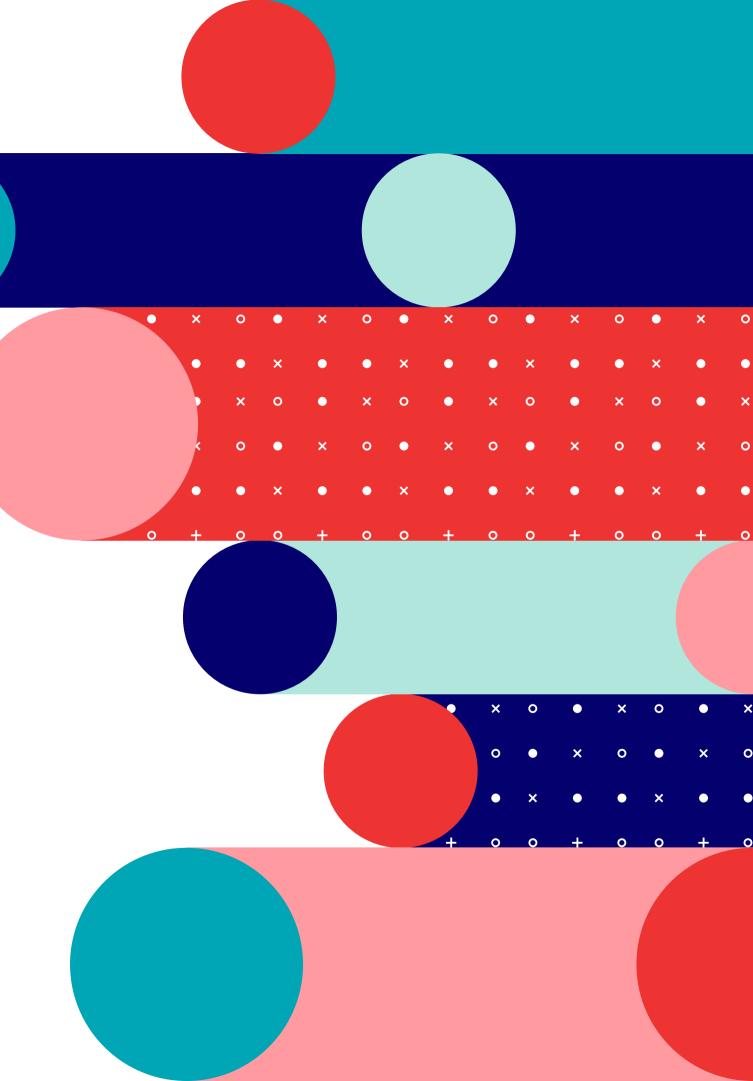
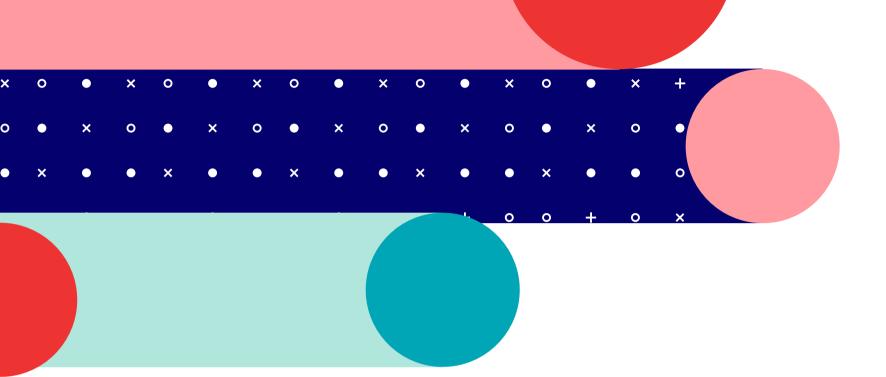
FESTIVALS AND CELEBRATIONS

PRISM READING 1





KEY READING SKILL

Previewing

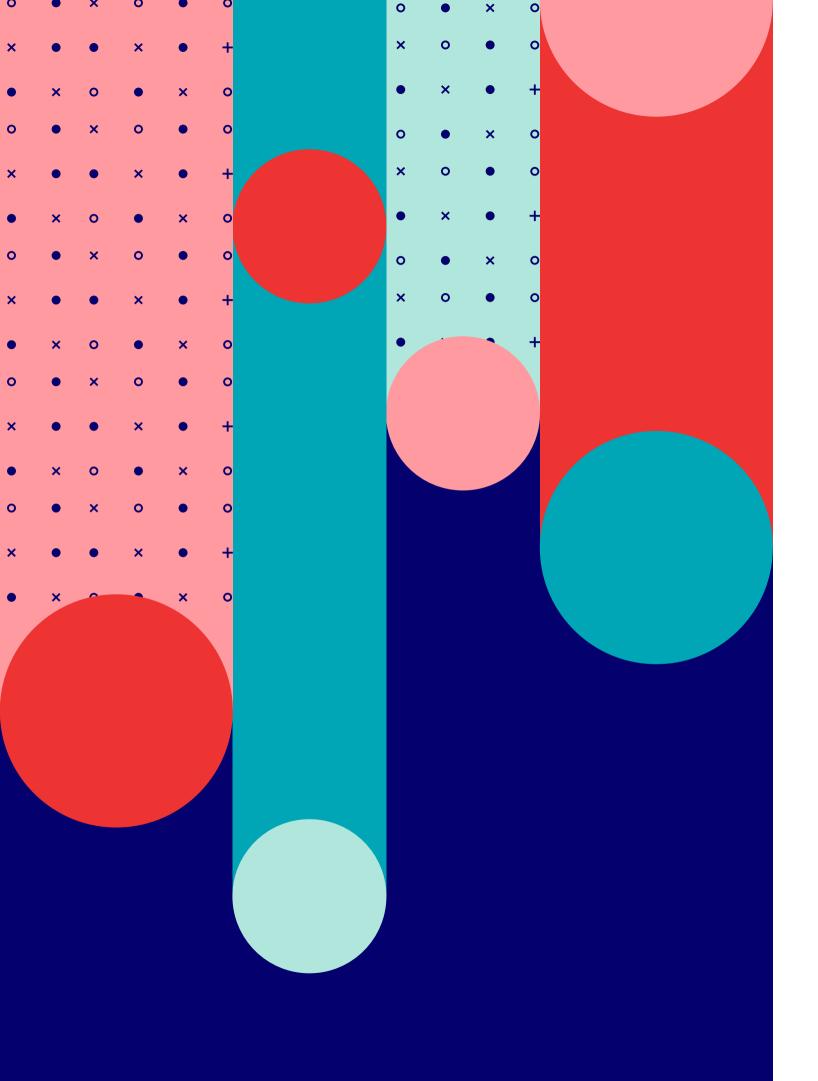
ADDITIONAL READING SKILLS

Understanding key vocabulary; using your knowledge; taking notes; reading for details; recognizing text type; scanning to predict content; reading for main ideas; making inferences; synthesizing

LEARNING OBJECTIVES

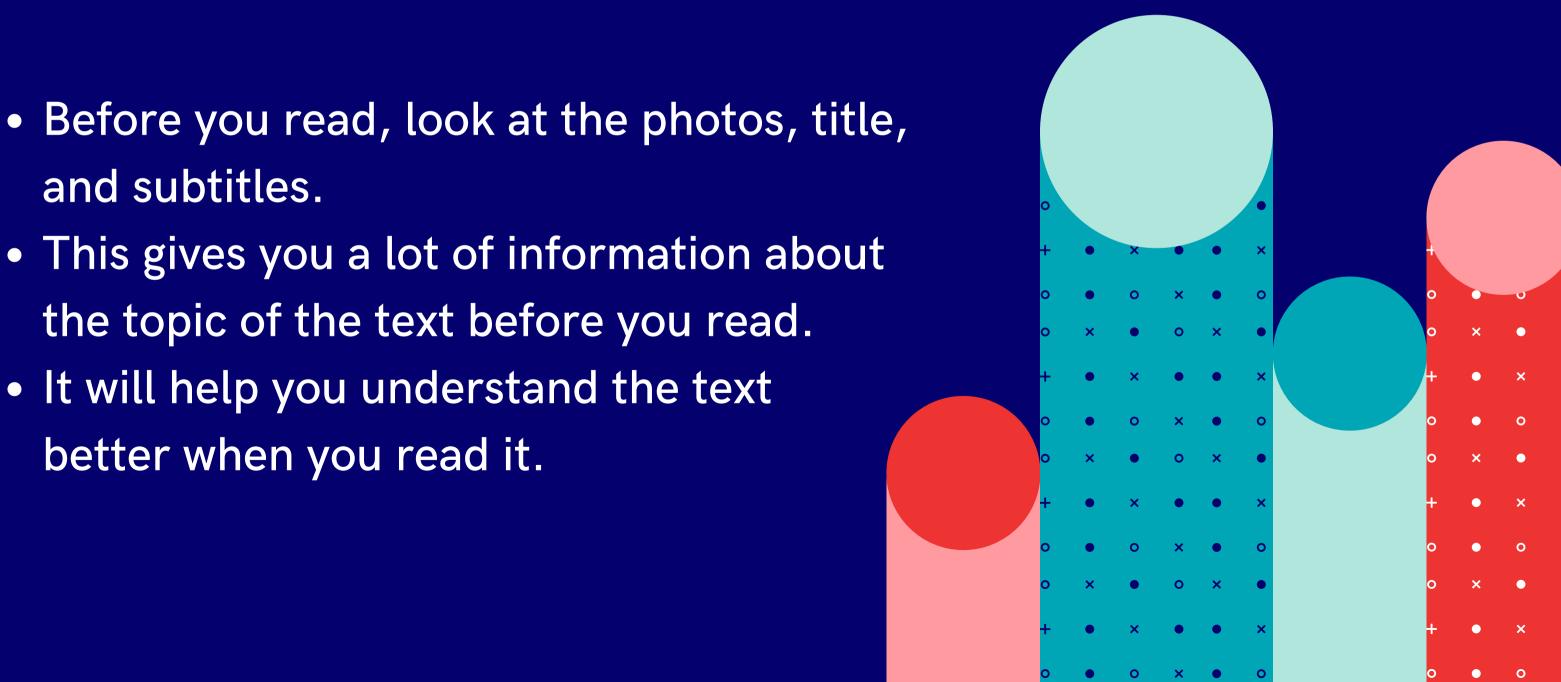
LANGUAGE DEVELOPMENT

Prepositions of time and place; adverbs of frequency



READING 1 Vocabulary

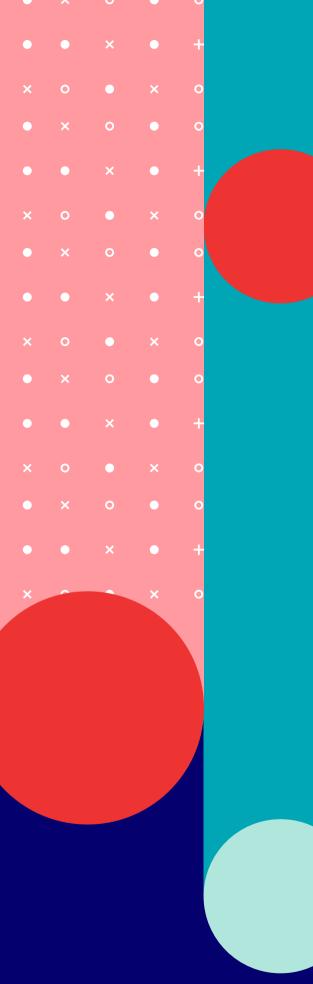
- 1. celebrate (v.)
- 2. culture (n.)
- 3.gift (n.)
- 4. the ground (n.)
- 5. lucky (adj.)
- 6. traditional (adj.)

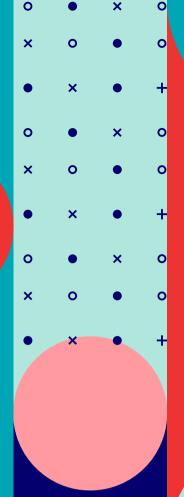


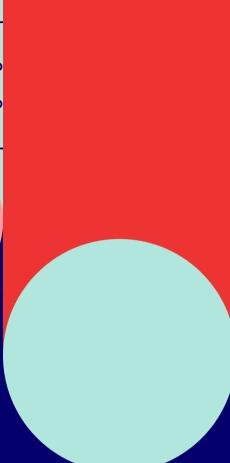
SKILLS Previewing

READING 2 Vocabulary

- 1. activity (n.)
- 2. history (n.)
- 3. popular (adj.)
- 4. highlight (n.)
- 5. take part in (phrv.)
- 6. visitor (n.)

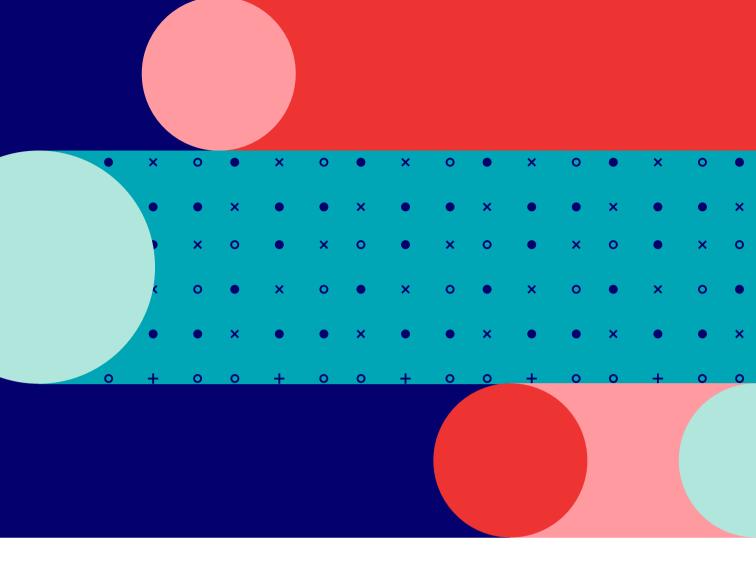


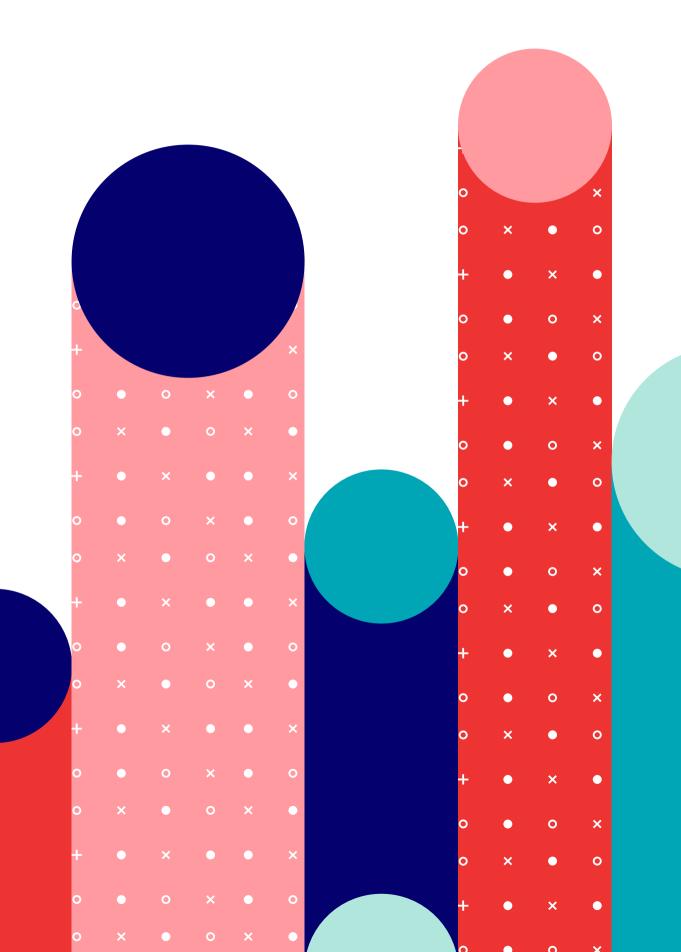




LANGUAGE Proper nouns

- Proper nouns are names of people, countries, cities, festivals, and nationalities.
- Days of the week and months are also proper nouns.





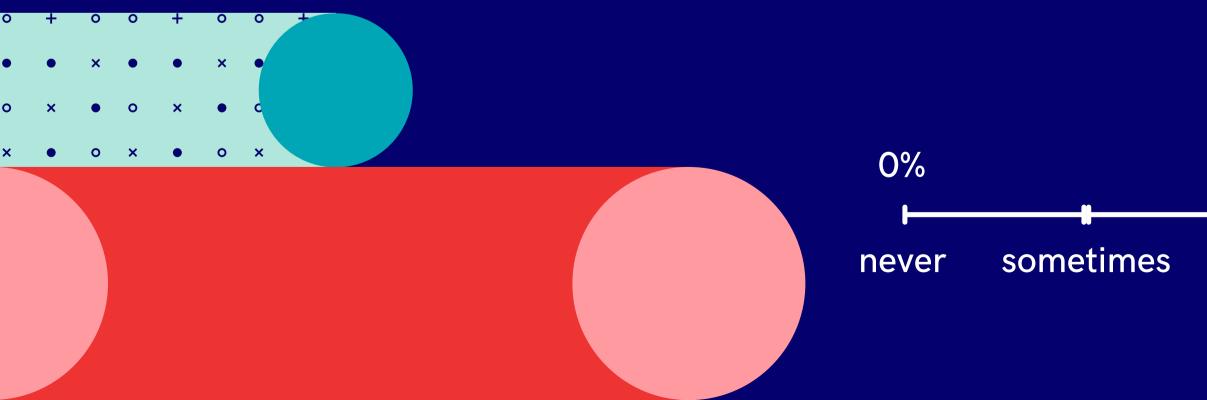
LANGUAGE Preposition of time and place

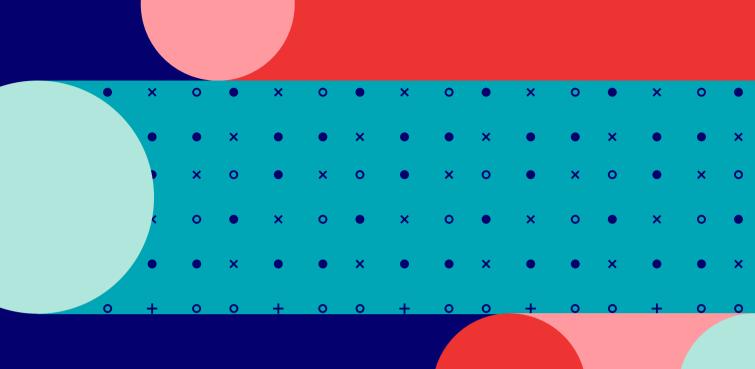
- Use on with a specific date or day and with the weekend/weekends.
- Use in wi morning,
- Use *in* with a country, city, or town.
- Use *at* with a specific time and with *night*.
- Use *at* with *school*, *work*, and *home*.

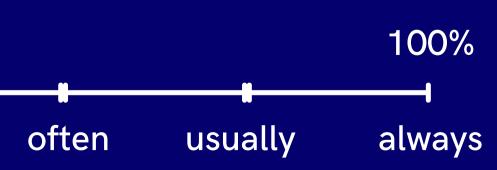
- Use *in* with a month and with *the*
 - morning, the afternoon, and the evening.

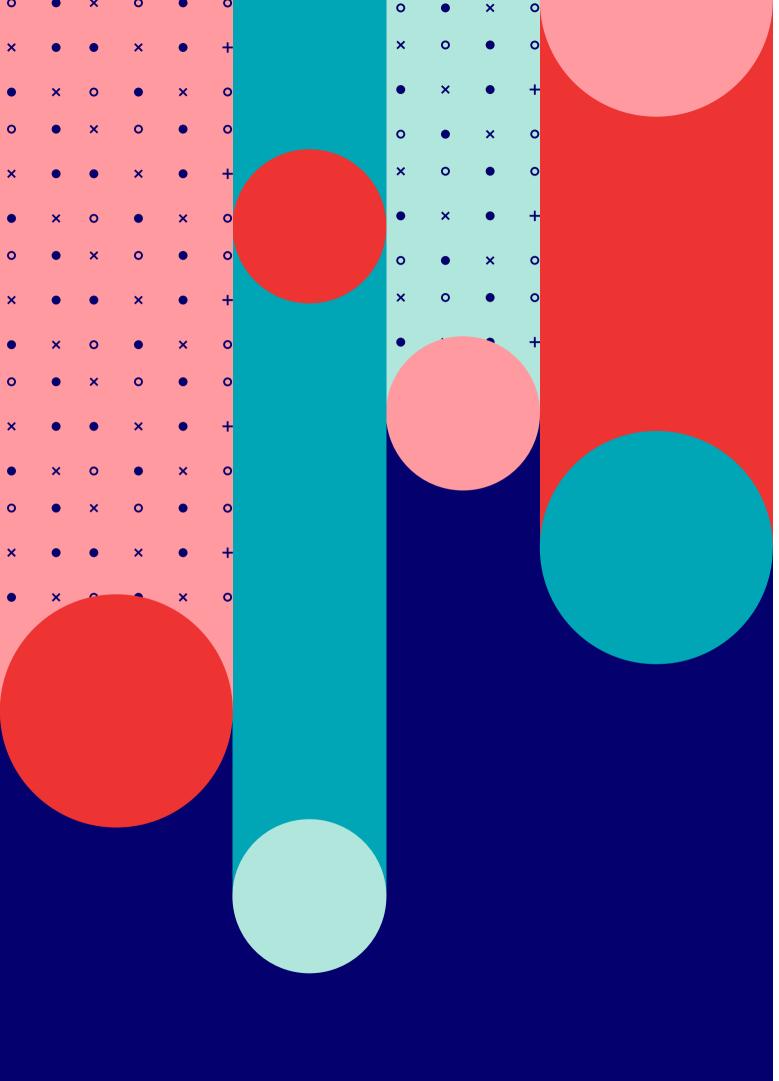
LANGUAGE Adverb of frequency

- Use adverbs of frequency to talk about habits. They describe how often someone does something.
- Adverbs of frequency usually go before the verb.









REFERENCE

Lewis, M. & O'Neill, R. (2018). Prism Reading 1. UK: Cambridge University Press.