

## Unit 3 FUTURE TENSE

### Objectives

1. To be able to perceive what Future Tense is
2. To be able to apply Future Tense in various contexts
3. To be able to communicate in English with correct Future Tense in various contexts

**Test Yourself:** Match Column A with the correct answer in Column B

#### Column A

1. I \_\_\_\_\_ to London on Sunday.
2. They \_\_\_\_\_ again next Monday.
3. It \_\_\_\_\_ to be a sunny day.
4. She \_\_\_\_\_ my email when I'm home.
5. He \_\_\_\_\_ when I'm there this evening.

#### Column B

- a. will have received
- b. will be sleeping
- c. will meet
- d. is going
- e. am coming

### 3.1 FUTURE SIMPLE

#### FORM

#### Affirmative

I We	will / shall	be	happy	tomorrow. next week. soon.
		work	at Suan Sunandha Rajabhat University.	

You They He She It The teachers ( <i>A plural noun</i> ) The teacher ( <i>A singular noun / An uncountable noun</i> )	will	be	happy	
		work	at Suan Sunandha Rajabhat University.	

I	am going to	be	happy	tomorrow. next week. soon.
		work	at Suan Sunandha Rajabhat University	
You We They The teachers ( <i>A plural noun</i> )	are going to	be	happy	
		work	at Suan Sunandha Rajabhat University	
He She It The teacher ( <i>A singular noun / An uncountable noun</i> )	is going to	be	happy	
		work	at Suan Sunandha Rajabhat University	

Negative

I We	will not (won't) / shall not	be	happy	tomorrow. next week. soon.
		work	at Suan Sunandha Rajabhat University	
You They He She It The teachers <i>(A plural noun)</i> The teacher <i>(A singular noun / An uncountable noun)</i>	will not (won't)	be	happy	
		work	at Suan Sunandha Rajabhat University	

I	am not going to	be	happy	tomorrow. next week. soon.
		work	at Suan Sunandha Rajabhat University	
You We (shall) They The teachers	are not going to	be	happy	
		work	at Suan Sunandha	

<i>(A plural noun)</i>			Rajabhat University	
He She It The teacher <i>(A singular noun / An uncountable noun)</i>	is not going to	be	happy	
		work	at Suan Sunandha Rajabhat University	

**Yes/No Questions and short answers**

Questions			Short answers	
Will / Shall	I we		Yes, you will / shall. Yes, we will/ shall.	No, you will not. / won't. No, we won't
Will	you they he she it the teachers <i>(A plural noun)</i> the teacher <i>(A singular noun / An uncountable noun)</i>	be happy?	Yes, I will. Yes, they will. Yes, s/he will. Yes, it will.	No, I won't. No, they won't. No, s/he won't. No, it won't.
Questions			Short answers	
Will	I	go?	Yes, I will / shall.	No, I won't / shall not.

(Shall)	you we they he she it the teachers (A plural noun) the teacher (A singular noun / An uncountable noun)		Yes, you will. Yes, we will / shall. Yes, they will. Yes, s/ he will. Yes, it will.	No, you won't. No, we won't . No, they won't . No, s/ he won't . No, it won't .
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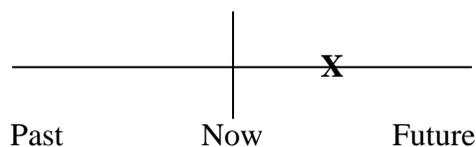
### Wh-Questions and answers

Questions				Answers
What	will	these	be?	These will be tropical storms.
		this		It will be a tropical storm.

Questions			Answers
What	will	happen next?	It will be disaster.

Questions			Answers
What	is going to	happen next?	It is going to be disaster.

**USE**



### WILL

1. Use 'will' to talk about something that is expected to happen. (prediction)

*Ex. It will take an hour to reach the airport.*

2. Use definitely, certainly, probably and possibly to show how certain or uncertain of the expected event.

certain	less certain	uncertain
definitely, certainly	probably	possibly

*Ex. It will probably take an hour to reach the airport.*

3. Use 'will' to make social arrangement.

*Ex. I'll see you this Friday.*

4. Use 'will' to make a promise, warning or threat.

*Ex. I'll give you back the money this Monday, I promise.*

5. Use 'will' to make an offer. (Sometimes *shall* is used.)

*Ex. Will I open the door for you? / Shall I open the door for you?*

6. Use 'will' to express a formal rule.

*Ex. University students will always have to wear uniforms to class.*

7. Use 'will' to make an instant decision in a situation. (You didn't plan in advance.)

*Ex. Where do you want to go after class? - I think I'll go home. I don't feel well.*

8. We can use 'won't' to refuse.

*Ex. We won't give up.*

## GOING TO

1. Use 'going to' to talk about something that is expected to happen. (prediction)

*Ex. It is going to take an hour to reach the airport.*

2. Use 'going to' to express a personal plan or intention.

*Ex. He is going to move to Belgium next year.*

3. Use 'going to' to predict the future, especially the situation that has already started to happen.

**Ex.** *Look at that plane! It's going to crash.*

4. Use 'going to' to make a decision with a result of distant future, not instant as 'will'.

**Ex.** *We've decided where to spend our honeymoon trip next year. We're going to stay at Maldives for a week.*

*I'm going to be a teacher when I grow up.*

### Note

1. We also use 'present continuous' to talk about future arrangement which is definitely fixed. It's usually with a time reference such as next week, next Tuesday, etc.

**Ex.** *He is moving to Belgium next week. (He has already bought the plane ticket.)*

2. We also use 'present simple' to talk about future events that are definitely on schedule.

**Ex.** *The first subway from Bang Sue to Hua Lamphong station leaves at 6 o'clock every day.*

3. We also used 'shall' in a formal speech or writing with I/We.

**Ex.** *We shall never surrender, said Winston Churchill.*

4. Future time causes following time words

A future time causes follows a time word or phrase:

after    as    as soon as    before    by the time    until    when

This time clause can come wither at the beginning of the sentence or in the second part of the sentence. This kind of sentence refers to the future, the verb that follows these time words or phrases is Present Simple and the main verb is a will-future form.

**Ex.** *By the time we reach the airport, his plane will depart.*

*I'll have dinner after I get home.*

*Before you leave, please finish your work.*

*When James comes, they'll go to the supermarket.*

*We'll meet him as soon as he arrives.*

**Exercise 1** Correct the errors.

1. Charlie will cooks some rice for family dinner tonight.

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2. Where you will been tomorrow?

---

3. I no will take the first train to work.

---

4. Martin will possibly to call us this afternoon.

---

5. We going find a new place to stay.

---

6. Jane will finishing her work tomorrow.

---

7. Audrey won't giving up preparing for the upcoming test.

---

8. Tom is going to comes tomorrow at 5 in the afternoon.

---

9. I promise will I calling you tonight.

---

10. We shall turned on the air-conditioner?

---

**Exercise 2** Decide if the speakers are expressing *a) prediction b) willingness c) prior plan*.

1. Dinner's almost ready. I'll set the table.

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2. Ian has one day off left. He is going to next Friday off.

---

3. Heidi will definitely love her birthday gift. It really is what she wants \_\_\_\_\_
4. Gigi doesn't like her job. She is going to quit right after her vacation. \_\_\_\_\_
5. Don't worry about the mess. I'll clean it up myself. \_\_\_\_\_
6. Someday, there is going to be Internet in every classroom in the world. \_\_\_\_\_
7. The air-conditioner isn't working. I'll call the maintenance office. \_\_\_\_\_
8. We're going to the cinema tonight. Do you want to join? \_\_\_\_\_
9. I'm sorry. I don't know how to spell this word. I'll have to look it up  
in a dictionary for you. \_\_\_\_\_
10. I've heard that Ivan and Sarah had broken up again. I think they won't  
get married. They fight too much. \_\_\_\_\_

**Exercise 3** Complete the sentences with *be going to* / *will* / *won't*.

1. A: This email is in Japanese. I don't understand it. Can you help me?  
B: Certainly, I \_\_\_\_\_ (translate) it for you.
2. A: Do you want to go swimming with me? I \_\_\_\_\_ (go) to the  
swimming pool near my house.  
B: Sure.
3. A: Who can help me clean the kitchen after the party?  
B: Alex and I \_\_\_\_\_ (do) it.
4. A: Your cellphone is in his hand. Why does he have yours?  
B: He \_\_\_\_\_ (call) his boss, but his mobile phone isn't working.
5. A: Where can we get together tomorrow night? You decide.  
B: CentralWorld, then. I \_\_\_\_\_ (meet) you there around 7pm.  
A: Sounds great. I \_\_\_\_\_ (see) you there.  
B: Deal.

6. A: Do you have plan for this Friday?

B: Yes. I \_\_\_\_\_ (meet) my clients.

7. A: Why is this girl crying? She's been crying for almost half an hour.

B: I really don't know. She \_\_\_\_\_ (not / tell) me what's wrong with her.

8. A: What's matter?

B: My car is broken. It \_\_\_\_\_ (not / start).

9. A: I have to see my dentist in the morning but I \_\_\_\_\_ (be) back in the afternoon.

B: That's fine.

10. A: What do you plan to study in the university level?

B: I \_\_\_\_\_ (study) political sciences.

**Exercise 4** Read the information in the leaflet. Complete the sentences using a verb from the list in the Present Continuous form.



**S.M.E. Job Fair**

January 18<sup>th</sup>

**Seek** the Opportunities

**Meet** Entrepreneurs

**Enjoy** Activities & Prizes

Soft Drinks included

@ Office of Arts and Culture Building

meet	join	hold	give	come	pick up
give away	take	leave	serve	arrive	

1. A: We \_\_\_\_\_ a job fair next Wednesday. There will be displays of students' work and a seminar with entrepreneurs in various business.
2. B: The owner of the hand-made soap called "Saboo" \_\_\_\_\_ from Chiangmai to talk to us.
3. A: What topic?  
B: She \_\_\_\_\_ a talk on how to start your own business.
4. B: In the afternoon she \_\_\_\_\_ us in a seminar with other entrepreneurs.
5. A: Are we having a tea break in the afternoon?  
B: In the late afternoon we \_\_\_\_\_ some soft drinks and biscuits.
6. A: Have you heard from Ms.Aline?  
B: Our guest speaker \_\_\_\_\_ Bangkok today. She told me her flight yesterday.
7. A: \_\_\_\_\_ anyone \_\_\_\_\_ her at the airport?
8. B: Yes. Mark \_\_\_\_\_ her \_\_\_\_\_ from the airport and \_\_\_\_\_ her to the hotel.
9. A: And after that?  
B: She \_\_\_\_\_ early on next morning around 7am.
10. A: Any prizes for anyone who attends?  
B: We \_\_\_\_\_ tons of books and souvenirs in the event.

**Exercise 5** Complete the sentences using a verb from the list in the Present Simple form.

take off	set	retire	rise	continue	close	have	finish	expire	start
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- The plane \_\_\_\_\_ at 10.00.
- What time \_\_\_\_\_ the class \_\_\_\_\_?
- The next semester \_\_\_\_\_ on 5<sup>th</sup> January.
- \_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_ class next Saturday?
- The exhibition \_\_\_\_\_ until 30<sup>th</sup> November. Don't miss it.
- The canned food \_\_\_\_\_ this May.
- Tomorrow the sun \_\_\_\_\_ at 5:55 in the morning.
- The doors \_\_\_\_\_ two hours before the concert begins.
- Our teacher \_\_\_\_\_ at the end of this term.
- The sun \_\_\_\_\_ at 6.30 in the evening.

**Exercise 6** Complete the text with the Present Simple or *will* form of the verb in brackets.

### The future of our solar system

The Sun (1)\_\_\_\_\_ (continue) much as it is today until it (2)\_\_\_\_\_ (enter) its red giant phase in 4 to 5 billion years. Then the core (3)\_\_\_\_\_ (grow) smaller and hotter until it finally (4)\_\_\_\_\_ (finish) burning the fuel in its nuclear core. When this (5)\_\_\_\_\_ (occur) the core (6)\_\_\_\_\_ (become) so dense that helium fusion will begin. When the helium atoms (7)\_\_\_\_\_ (collide), they (8)\_\_\_\_\_ (form) carbon (from 3 helium atoms) and oxygen (from 4 helium atoms). When this process (9)\_\_\_\_\_ (begin) the Sun (10)\_\_\_\_\_ (produce) enormous amounts of energy. The Sun (11)\_\_\_\_\_ (grow) larger as this energy (12)\_\_\_\_\_ (increase). It (13)\_\_\_\_\_ (be) over a hundred times its present size by the time it (14)\_\_\_\_\_ (stop) growing. This is why we use the term red giant. As the Sun (15)\_\_\_\_\_ (expand), it is probable that it (16)\_\_\_\_\_

(absorb) the Earth. When the Sun (17)\_\_\_\_\_ (use) up all its energy, it (18)\_\_\_\_\_ (become) a small white dwarf, and (19)\_\_\_\_\_ (not make) any more energy. After a few billion years, when it is completely cool, it (20)\_\_\_\_\_ (be) just a cold dark object.

*Note.* Adjusted from Macmillan English Grammar in Context (p.43), by V. Micheal, 2008, Oxford: Macmillan.

### 3.2 FUTURE CONTINUOUS

#### FORM

#### Affirmative

I	will / shall			
You				
We				
They He				yesterday morning.
She			at Suan Sunandha Rajabhat University	
It		be working		
The teachers (A plural noun)	will			3 o'clock yesterday.
The teacher (A singular noun / An uncountable noun)				

#### Negative

I	will not / shall not			
You	will not	be working	at Suan Sunandha Rajabhat	yesterday morning.

We They He She It The teachers ( <i>A plural noun</i> ) The teacher ( <i>A singular noun / An uncountable noun</i> )	(won't)		University	3 o'clock yesterday.
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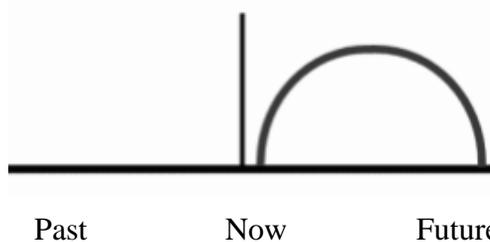
**Yes/No Questions and short answers**

Questions		Short answers	
Will / Shall	I we		Yes, you will. Yes, we will / shall.  No, you were not. / weren't. No, we will not / shall not.
Will	you they he she it the teachers ( <i>A plural noun</i> ) the teacher ( <i>A singular noun / An uncountable noun</i> )	be working at Suan Sunandha Rajabhat University?	Yes, I will / shall. Yes, they will Yes, s/ he will. Yes, it will.  No, I will not / shall not. No, they won't. No, s/ he won't No, it won't

### Wh-Questions and answers

Questions			Answers				
What	will / shall	I we	be doing	in ten years' time?	You will We will / shall	be working	in an international company.
	will	you they he she it the teachers <i>(A plural noun)</i> the teacher <i>(A singular noun / An uncountable noun)</i>			I will / shall They will He will She will It will		

#### USE



1. The future continuous is used for describing the continuing activity in the future with a time reference.

**Ex.** *This time next Monday, I'll be studying English literature.*

*What will you be doing in five years' time?*

**Exercise 1** Complete each sentence with a phrase from the list.

I'll be waiting	I'll be watching	I'll be starting	I'll be catching
I'll be lying	I'll be having	I'll be living	I'll be going
I'll be working	I'll be giving		

1. Next Tuesday at this time, \_\_\_\_\_ on the beach!
2. \_\_\_\_\_ outside the cinema at 7.30. See you then!
3. All tomorrow afternoon \_\_\_\_\_ on my history project.
4. This time next week \_\_\_\_\_ my holiday!
5. In three years' time \_\_\_\_\_ into the army.
6. Don't phone at 9.00, because \_\_\_\_\_ the match then.
7. In ten years' time, I expect \_\_\_\_\_ in my own flat.
8. This time tomorrow \_\_\_\_\_ the plane to Brazil!
9. This time next Monday, \_\_\_\_\_ a birthday party!
10. In twenty years' time, \_\_\_\_\_ my own house with family and kids.

*Note.* Adjusted from Macmillan English Grammar in Context (p.42), by V. Micheal, 2008, Oxford: Macmillan.

**Exercise 2** Complete the sentences. Use the Future Continuous form of the given verbs in brackets.

1. We \_\_\_\_\_ (move) into our new house soon. We're so excited.
2. \_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_ (you / use) the computer tomorrow night?
3. Don't call me now. I \_\_\_\_\_ (have) dinner with my family.
4. They \_\_\_\_\_ (not / work) next week. They'll be on holiday to Porto.
5. This time next month my father \_\_\_\_\_ (drive) for thirty years.
6. This evening we \_\_\_\_\_ (watch) a TV show on Channel8.
7. They \_\_\_\_\_ (not/do) their work this afternoon because it's been done.

8. I \_\_\_\_\_ (read) a book this evening with my grandmother.
9. They \_\_\_\_\_ (not / write) email to clients this time tomorrow.
10. He \_\_\_\_\_ (listen) to music when I arrive home.

**Exercise 3** Complete the sentences. Use the Future Continuous form of the given verbs.

1. finish / sleep / study

Please don't call our house after 9:00 tonight. The baby (a) \_\_\_\_\_.  
My husband (b) \_\_\_\_\_ for a test. I (c) \_\_\_\_\_  
a project for work.

2. talk / do / see

Dr. Robert is the town's only medical doctor and works long hours. Tomorrow she has an especially busy schedule. From early in the morning until lunch, she (a) \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_ patients at her clinic. After lunch, she (b) \_\_\_\_\_  
research at the hospital. In the evening, she (c) \_\_\_\_\_ to  
medical students about rural health care.

*Note.* Adjusted from *Understand and Using English Grammar* (p.72). (4<sup>th</sup> ed.). by Betty S. Azar, Stacy A. Hagen, 2009, Pearson:Longman.

**Exercise 4** Complete the sentences. Use the Future Continuous or the Present Simple form of the verbs in brackets.

1. Tomorrow I'm going to get home. When I \_\_\_\_\_ (arrive) at the station, my  
parents \_\_\_\_\_ (wait) for me.
2. When I \_\_\_\_\_ (get) up tomorrow morning, the birds \_\_\_\_\_  
(sing) and my brother \_\_\_\_\_ (lie, still) in bed and \_\_\_\_\_  
(sleep).
3. A: When do you leave for Hawaii?  
B: Tomorrow morning. Imagine! Two days from now on I \_\_\_\_\_

(enjoy) my holidays on the beach.

A: Sounds great! I \_\_\_\_\_ (miss) you a lot.

4. A: Are you going to be in town next Thursday?

B: Yes, I \_\_\_\_\_ (visit) the National Museum with my class.

5. A: Where are you going to spend your weekend?

B: I \_\_\_\_\_ (work) on my final project in the lab.

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### 3.3 FUTURE PERFECT

#### FORM

#### Affirmative

I	will / shall			
We				
You	will	have been	at Suan Sunandha Rajabhat University	by the time you get home.
They				
He				
She				
It				
The teachers (A plural noun)				
The teacher (A singular noun / An uncountable noun)				

**Negative**

I We	will not / shall not			
You They He She It The teachers <i>(A plural noun)</i> The teacher <i>(A singular noun / An uncountable noun)</i>	will not <i>(won't)</i>	have been	at Suan Sunandha Rajabhat University	by the time you get home.

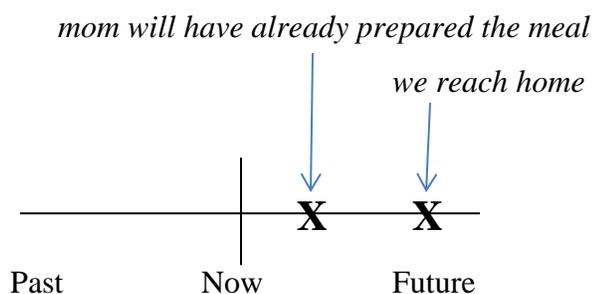
**Yes/No Questions and short answers**

Questions		Short answers	
Will / Shall	I we	have been at Suan Sunandha Rajabhat University by the time you get home?	Yes, you will Yes, we will / shall.  No, you were not. / weren't. No, we will not / shall not.
Will	he she it the teachers <i>(A plural noun)</i> the teacher <i>(A singular noun / An uncountable noun)</i>		Yes, I will / shall. Yes, they will Yes, s/ he will. Yes, it will. No, I will not / shall not. No, they won't. No, s/ he won't No, it won't

### Wh-Questions and answers

Questions			Answers			
What	will / shall	I we			You will	
	will	you they he she it the teachers <i>(A plural noun)</i> the teacher <i>(A singular noun / An uncountable noun)</i>	be doing	at Suan Sunandha Rajabhat University by the time you get home?	I will / shall We will / shall They will He will She will It will	be working

### USE



1. Use Future Perfect to express an activity that will be completed before another time or event in the future. In other words, it is to look back from the future to an earlier event, often with *by* or *by the time*.

*Ex. By the time we reach home, mom will have already prepared the meal.*

*I'll finish the project this week. We'll meet next week. By the time we meet, I'll have submitted my final project.*

### Exercise 1

**Exercise 1** Complete the sentences using Future Perfect Simple with the verbs in brackets.

1. He \_\_\_\_\_ (write) a book by the end of the week.
2. By this time next year we \_\_\_\_\_ (move) into the new school.
3. By January, she \_\_\_\_\_ (be) a doctor for 5 years.
4. \_\_\_\_\_ (be, Lisa) pregnant for 5 months this week?
5. They \_\_\_\_\_ (build) the new station by December.
6. By the end of the year, I \_\_\_\_\_ (have) just only one holiday.
7. \_\_\_\_\_ (finish, you) this project by next week?
8. When we go to see our children, they \_\_\_\_\_ (go) for their scout for a fortnight..
9. If he doesn't come tomorrow, I \_\_\_\_\_ (be) without money for a week.
10. Phone me at 9 o'clock in the evening - I \_\_\_\_\_ (do) all my homework by then.

**Exercise 2** Complete each sentence with a phrase from the list.

1. Janine \_\_\_\_\_ (repair) her bike next week.
2. We \_\_\_\_\_ (do) the washing by 8 o'clock.
3. She \_\_\_\_\_ (visit) Paris by the end of next year.
4. I \_\_\_\_\_ (finish) this by 6 o'clock.
5. Susan \_\_\_\_\_ (leave) school by the end of this semester.
6. She \_\_\_\_\_ (discuss) the problem with her husband tonight.
7. The police \_\_\_\_\_ (arrest) the driver by the end of the week.
8. They \_\_\_\_\_ (write) their essay by tomorrow.
9. Paolo \_\_\_\_\_ (manage) the teams by this month.

10. If we can do that - then we \_\_\_\_\_ (fulfil) our dreams.

**Exercise 3** Complete the sentences with your own information by using Future Perfect Simple.

1. By the weekend I \_\_\_\_\_
2. By the evening I \_\_\_\_\_
3. Before the concert begins \_\_\_\_\_
4. By the time the train leaves \_\_\_\_\_
5. Before the game begins \_\_\_\_\_

### 3.4 FUTRE PERFECT CONTINUOUS

#### FORM

#### Affirmative

I We	will / shall			
You They He She It The teachers (A plural noun) The teacher (A singular noun / An uncountable noun)	will	have been staying	at Suan Sunandha Hotel	for 4 hours by 6 o'clock in the morning.

**Negative**

I	will not / shall			
We	not			
You				
They				
He		have been		
She		staying	at Suan	for 4 hours
It	will not		Sunandha Hotel	by 6 o'clock.
The teachers ( <i>A plural noun</i> )	(won't)			
The teacher ( <i>A singular noun / An uncountable noun</i> )				

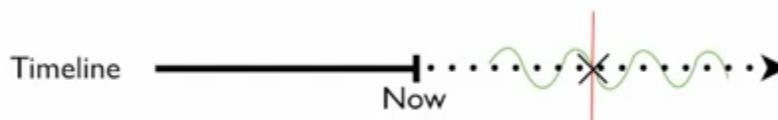
**Yes/No Questions and short answers**

Questions			Short answers	
Will / Shall	I we		Yes, you will. Yes, we will / shall.	No, you were not. / weren't. No, we will not / shall not.
Will	he she it the teachers ( <i>A plural noun</i> ) the teacher ( <i>A singular noun / An uncountable noun</i> )	have been staying at Suan Sunandha Hotel for 4 hours by 6 o'clock?	Yes, I will / shall. Yes, they will. Yes, s/ he will. Yes, it will.	No, I will not / shall not. No, they won't. No, s/ he won't No, it won't.

### Wh-Questions and answers

Questions			Answers				
What	will / shall	I we	be doing	at Suan Sunandha Hotel for 4 hours by 6 o'clock?	You will	be taking a nap	at the hotel.
	will	he she it the teachers ( <i>A plural noun</i> ) the teacher ( <i>A singular noun / An uncountable noun</i> )			I will / shall We will / shall They will He will She will It will		

### USE



1. It's used to emphasize the duration of the activity that is continuing before another time or event in the future.

*Ex. I'll have been sleeping for more than two hours by the time my brother gets home.*

*We'll have been working all morning by the time you return.*

**Exercise 1** Complete the following sentences using the Future Perfect Continuous form of the verbs in brackets.

1. Leo \_\_\_\_\_ (attend) our team for two years by 2021.
2. Annette \_\_\_\_\_ (watch) TV for five hours by the time her father comes.
3. Two tennis players \_\_\_\_\_ (work out) for hours by the time one of them finally gives up.
4. Allis \_\_\_\_\_ (not travel) for months by the time she is paid.
5. My baby \_\_\_\_\_ (sleep) for two hours by noon.
6. How long \_\_\_\_\_ (you wait) for the train by noon?
7. We \_\_\_\_\_ (live) in this street for twenty years by the end of the year.
8. My father \_\_\_\_\_ (work) in the garden for four hours by noon.
9. It \_\_\_\_\_ (rain) for twenty hours by the end of the day.
10. I \_\_\_\_\_ (use) this laptop for three years by January.

**Exercise 2** Combine the following pairs by changing them into the Future Perfect Continuous.

1. I will eat the cake. (by the time my mother comes.)

---

2. The fire will destroy the whole house. (by the time the firemen arrive)

---

3. The patient will get worse. (by the time he reaches the hospital)

---

4. He will leave the university. (by the time you reach your place)

---

5. We will work at the station for twenty years. (by the time our son leaves the university)

---

6. (By this time tomorrow) Morgan will clean the entire house.

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7. (By 2020) I will live in Madrid for 15 years.

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8. (By September) Julie will teach us French for over a year.

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9. (By October) I will study Italian for 6 months.

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10. (By Monday) she will wait for 4 weeks.

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## References